

PHARMACEUTICS

SEMESTER – I

S. No.	Course codes	Course Name	Hours per			Credits
			L	T	P	
1.	23S01101	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4	-	-	4
2.	23S03101	Advanced Physical Pharmaceutics	4	-	-	4
3.	23S03102	Modern Pharmaceutics-I	4	-	-	4
4.	23S03103	Advanced Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics	4	-	-	4
5.	23S01105	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques lab	-	-	6	3
6.	23S03104	Modern Pharmaceutics -I lab	-	-	6	3
7.		Audit Course – I	2	-	-	0
	23DAC101a	English for Research paper writing				
	23DAC101b	Disaster Management				
	23DAC101c	Sanskrit for Technical Knowledge				
	23DAC101d	Entrepreneurship Management				
8.	23S03105	Seminar/Assignment	-	1	6	4
		Total	18	1	18	26

SEMESTER – II

S. No.	Course codes	Course Name	Hours per			Credits
			L	T	P	
1.	23S03201	Modern Pharmaceutics-II	4	-	-	4
2.	23S03202	Advanced Drug Delivery system	4	-	-	4
3.	23S03203	Industrial Pharmacy	4	-	-	4
4.	23S03204	Nano Drug Delivery system	4	-	-	4
5.	23S03205	Modern Pharmaceutics-II Lab	-	-	6	3
6.	23S03206	Advanced Drug Delivery System Lab	-	-	6	3
7.		Audit Course – II	2	-	-	0
	23DAC201a	Pedagogy Studies				
	23DAC201b	Stress Management for Yoga				
	23DAC201c	Personality Development through Life Enlightenment Skills				
8.	23S03207	Seminar/Assignment	-	1	6	4
		Total	18	1	18	26

M PHARMACY III SEMESTER

S.No.	Course codes	Course Name	Hours per week			Credits
			L	T	P	
1.	23DRM101	Research Methodology and Intellectual Property Right	4	-	-	4
2.		Open Elective	3	-	-	3
	23SOE301a	Stability of Drugs and Dosage forms				
	23SOE301b	Biostatistics				
	23SOE301c	Pharmacoepidemiology and Pharmacoeconomics				
	23SOE301d	Biological Screening methods				
3.	23S02301	Teaching Practice/Assignment	-	-	4	2
4.	23S02302	Comprehensive viva voce	-	-	4	2
5.	23S02303	Research Work - I	-	-	24	12
6.	23S02304	Journal club	1	-	-	0
		Total	8	-	32	23

Course Code	ADVANCED PHYSICAL PHARMACEUTICS	L	T	P	C
23S03101			4	0	0
	Semester	I			
Course Objectives:					
The students shall know about particle science, polymer science and its use in pharmaceutical dosage forms. They also know the compression and consolidation parameters for powders and granules. Students also know about the rheology, disperse systems, dissolution and solubility parameters for dosage forms.					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
The students will know particle size analysis method, solid dispersion, physics of tablets, polymer classification and its applications, student will also know the stability calculations, shelf life calculations and accelerated stability studies. They also know the rheology, absorption related to liquids and semi-solid dosage forms. They also know the factors affecting the dissolution and solubility in related to invitro/invivo correlations.					
UNIT - I					
Polymer science: Classification, properties and characterization of polymers, phase separation, polymers in solid state, preparation of polymer solution, application of polymers in pharmaceutical formulations. Mechanism of biodegradation of biodegradable polymers including controlled drug delivery systems, Mucoadhesive, Hydrodynamically balanced and Transdermal Systems.					
UNIT - II					
Physics of tablet compression: Basic principles of interactions, compression and consolidation, compression and consolidation under high loads, effect of friction, distribution of forces in compaction, force volume relationships, Heckel plots, compaction profiles, energy involved in compaction, Measurement of compression with strain gauges, compression pressure-QA parameters.					
UNIT - III					
Kinetics and drug stability: Stability calculations, rate equations, complex order kinetics, Factors influencing stability, strategy of stability testing, method of stabilization, method of accelerated stability testing in dosage forms, temperature and humidity control, physical stability testing of pharmaceutical products. Photodecomposition, Method, solid state decomposition.					
UNIT - IV					
Theoretical consideration, instrumentation, rheological properties of disperse systems and semisolids. Oscillatory testing, Creep measurement. Characterization of API and excipients: Differential Scanning Calorimetry: Principle, thermal transitions, advantages, disadvantages, instrumentation, applications and interpretations X Ray Diffraction methods: Origin of x-rays, principle, advantages, disadvantages, instrumentation, applications and interpretations.					
UNIT - V					
Dissolution and solubility: Solubility and solubilization of nonelectrolytes, solubilization by the use of surfactants, cosolvents, complexation, drug derivatization and solid state manipulation, Mechanisms of Drug release - dissolution, diffusion (Matrix and Reservoir) and swelling controlled (Peppas Model) and dissolution equipment					
Textbooks:					
1. Physical Pharmacy, 4th Edition by Alfred Martin. 2. Theory and Practice of Tablets – Lachman, Vol.4 3. Pharmaceutical Dosage forms – Disperse systems Vol. I & II 4. Cartenson “Drug Stability, Marcel Decker Solid state properties, Marcel Dekker. 5. Industrial Pharmacy - Selected Topics, CVS Subramanyam and J Thimmasetty, Vallabh Prakashan Delhi – 2013					
Reference Books:					
1. Dispersive systems I, II, and III 2. Robinson. Controlled Drug Delivery Systems					

Course Code	MODERN PHARMACEUTICS – I	L	T	P	C
23S03102			4	0	0
Semester		I			
Course Objectives:					
Students will know the preformulation studies, methodology, different excipients used in solid dosage forms and their evaluation with references to production technologies. The students also know the optimization techniques and their applications in pharmaceutical industries.					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
Students shall explain the preformulation parameters, apply ICH guidelines and evaluate drug, drug excipients compatibility. Students also explain about formulation and development, use of excipients in tablets, powders, capsules, micro-encapsules and coating techniques. They also learn and apply the statistical design in different formulations.					
UNIT - I					
Preformulation studies: Goals of Preformulation, preformulation parameters, Polymorphs and Amorphous forms, selection of drugs- solubility, partition coefficient, salt forms, humidity, solid state properties, Particle Size Analysis (Laser Diffraction and Dynamic Light Scattering) drug - excipient compatibility, flow properties, format and content of reports of preformulation, preformulation stability studies (ICH)					
UNIT - II					
Formulation development of solid dosage forms – I: New materials, excipients science - diluents, disintegrants, super disintegrants, etc, evaluation of functional properties of excipients, co-processed materials, methods of preparation and evaluation.					
UNIT - III					
Formulation development of solid dosage forms– II: Coating, coating machines, coating techniques in tablet technology for product development, computerization, inprocess control of tablets, formulation development and manufacture of powder dosage forms for internal use. Microencapsulation- types, methodology, problems encountered.					
UNIT - IV					
Formulation development of soft and hard gelatin capsules: Introduction, production and methods of manufacture, filling equipment and filling operations, formulations, finishing, special techniques, advances in capsule manufacture, machines, processing and control including pharmaceutical aspects, physical stability and packaging.					
UNIT - V					
Optimization techniques in pharmaceutical formulation and processing: Introduction, optimization parameters, statistical design, response surface method, contour diagrams, factorial design, partial factorial design, simplex methods, mixture designs, Plackett Burman method, Box Benken method, applications in pharmaceutical formulation.					
Textbooks:					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pharmaceutics - The Science of Dosage form design by ME Aulton. 2. Pharmaceutical Dosage forms - Tablets (Vol I, II and III) by Lieberman, Lachman and Schwartz. 3. Pharmaceutical Dosage forms - Capsules (Vol I, II and III) by Avis, Lieberman and Lachman. 4. Pharmaceutical Dosage forms – Disperse systems (Vol I, II and III) by Avis, Lieberman and Lachman. 5. Modern Pharmaceutics by Gilbert S. Banker and Christopher T. Rhodes. 6. Pharmaceutical statistics by Bolton 					
Reference Books:					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Theory and Practice of industrial Pharmacy by Leon Lachman, Herbert A. Lieberman. 2. Remington's Science and Practice of Pharmacy by A. Gennaro. 3. Ansel's Pharmaceutical Dosage form and Drug delivery system by Loyd V. Allen, Jr. Nicholas G. Popovich, Howard C. Ansel. 4. Generic Drug Product Development by Leon Shargel and Isadore Kanfer. 5. Dispensing for Pharmaceutical Students by SJ Carter. 6. Industrial Pharmacy - Selected Topics, CVS Subramanyam and J Thimmasetty, Vallabh Prakashan Delhi – 2013 					

Course Code	ADVANCED BIOPHARMACEUTICS & PHARMACOKINETICS	L	T	P	C
23S03103		4	0	0	4
Semester		I			
Course Objectives:					
The student shall know about bioavailability, bioequivalence and factor affecting bioavailability. They also know the pharmacokinetic parameter like drug disposition, absorption, nonlinear and time dependant pharmacokinetics. They also know about the drug interactions & problems associated in pharmacokinetic parameters calculations.					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
Students will be able to tell factors affecting the bioavailability and stability of dosage form; they also know the bioequivalence studies and protocols for bioequivalent studies. They also know the parameters for the disposition, absorption and Michaelis-Menton constants for nonlinear kinetics.					
UNIT - I					
a. Biological and metabolic factors affecting bioavailability, complexation, dissolution - techniques of enhancing dissolution.					
b. Formulation factors affecting bioavailability of drugs in dosage forms of tablets, capsules, Parenterals, liquid orals and topical dosage forms.					
c. Bioavailability: Importance, dose dependency, AUC, rate and extent, assessment, blood and urine samples, single dose and multiple dose studies, <i>Invitro- Invivo</i> Correlation analysis and Levels of Correlations.					
d. Bioequivalence: Importance equivalency concepts, biowaivers, study designs, protocol, transformation of data, Statistical Criteria as per the Regulations.					
UNIT - II					
Pharmacokinetics – Drug Disposition: compartment models: One, two and non-compartmental approaches to pharmacokinetics. Recent trends, merits and limitations of these approaches. Application of these models to determine the various pharmacokinetic parameters pertaining to:					
a. Distribution: Apparent volume of distribution and its determination, factors affecting.					
b. Metabolism: Metabolic rate constant, Factors affecting Metabolism					
c. Elimination: Over all apparent elimination rate constant, and half life. All the above under the following conditions: 1. Intravenous infusion 2. Multiple dose injections					
d. Non-invasive methods of estimating pharmacokinetics parameters with emphasis on salivary and urinary samples.					
e. Concept of clearance: organ, total clearance, hepatic clearance, lung clearance and renal clearance.					
UNIT - III					
Pharmacokinetics – Absorption: Rate constants – Zero order, first order, Models of experimental study of absorption (in silico, in vitro, in situ and in vivo) – Absorption half lives, method of residuals, Wagner – Nelson method, Loo - Reigleman method, Analysis of kinetics from urine samples. Pharmacokinetic parameters determination pertaining to: Multiple dosage oral administration.					
UNIT - IV					
Non-linear pharmacokinetics: Concepts of linear and non-linear pharmacokinetics, Michaelis- Menton kinetics characteristics. Basic kinetic parameters, possible causes of non-induction, nonlinear binding, and non-linearity of pharmacological responses.					
Clinical Pharmacokinetics: Altered kinetics in pregnancy, child birth, infants and geriatrics. Kinetics in GI disease, malabsorption syndrome, liver, cardiac, renal and pulmonary disease states.					
UNIT - V					
Time dependent pharmacokinetics: Introduction, classification, physiologically induced time dependency: Chronopharmacokinetics - principles, drugs– (amino glycosides, NSAIDS, antihypertensive drug) chemically induced dependency.					
Drug Interactions: Kinetics of drug interaction, study of drug-drug interaction mediated through absorption, distribution, metabolism and elimination, mechanisms of interaction and consequence. Numerical problems associated with all units, if any.					
Textbooks:					
1. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics by Milo Gibaldi.					
2. Learn Shargel and ABC yu, Applied Biopharmacokinetics and Pharmacokinetics 3. Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by C.V.S. Subrahmanyam, Vallabh Prakashan.2010.					
4. Basic biopharmaceutics, Sunil S. Jambhekar and Philip J Brean.					
5. Text book of Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics by Niazi Sarfaraz					
Reference Books:					
1. Bio-Pharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by V. Venkateshwarlu.					
2. Pharmacokinetics, Biopharmaceutics and Clinical pharmacy by Robert E. Notari.					
3. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics - An Introduction by Robert E. Notari.					
4. Drug drug interactions, scientific and regulatory perspectives by Albert P. G					

Course Code	MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES LAB	L	T	P	C
23S01105		0	0	6	3
Semester		I			
List of Experiments					
1. Analysis of Pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis Spectrophotometer.					
2. Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV Spectrophotometry					
3. Effect of pH and solvent on UV –Spectrum					
4. Determination of Molar absorption coefficient					
5. Estimation of riboflavin/ quinine sulphate by fluorimetry					
6. Study of quenching effect by fluorimetry					
7. Estimation of sodium or potassium by flame photometry					
8. Colorimetric determination of drugs by using different reagents					
9. Quantitative determination of functional groups					
10. Experiments based on Column chromatography					
11. Experiments based on HPLC					
12. Experiments based on Gas Chromatography					

Course Code	MODERN PHARMACEUTICS – I LAB	L	T	P	C
23S03104		0	0	6	3
Semester		I			
List of Experiments					
1. To carry out the preformulation studies of solid dosage forms.					
2. To study the effect of compressional force on tablet disintegration time					
3. To study the micromeritic properties of powders and granules					
4. To study the effect of particle size on dissolution of tablets					
5. To study the effect of binders on dissolution of tablets					
6. To study pharmacokinetic models, to determine similarity factors					
7. Accelerated stability testing of different tablets					
8. Determination of first order, second order rate constants by acid and alkaline hydrolysis					
9. Preparation and evaluation of beta cyclodextrin complexes of new drugs 10.Preparation of paracetamol tablets and comparison with marketed products					

Course Code	MODERN PHARMACEUTICS - II	L	T	P	C
23S03201			4	0	0
Semester		II			
Course Objectives:					
The students shall understand about the pilot plant and their scale up techniques for manufacturing of tablets capsules, suspensions, emulsions and semisolids. The students also learn the filling of capsules, compression machines, sterilizers for formulation of parenterals and also understand the properties of propellants, DPI, MDI and their quality control. The students also understand about the cosmetics and nutraceuticals.					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
Students will understand the planning of pilot plant techniques used for all pharmaceutical dosage forms such as tablets, capsules, parenterals, aerosols, cosmetics and nutraceuticals					
UNIT - I					
Pilot plant scale-up techniques used in pharmaceutical manufacturing					
<p>a. Pilot plant: Technology transfer from R&D to pilot plant to pilot scale considerations of steps involved with manufacture, layout design, facility, equipment selection of tablets, capsules, suspensions, emulsions & semisolids.</p> <p>b. Scale up: Importance, Scale up process-size reduction, mixing, blending, granulation, compression, coating involved in tablets, capsules & liquid-liquid mixing.</p>					
UNIT - II					
Formulation development of parenteral dosage forms: Advances in materials and production techniques, filling machines, sterilizers, product layout.					
UNIT - III					
Pharmaceutical Aerosols: Advances in propellants, metered dose inhaler designs, dry powder inhalers, selection of containers and formulation aspects in aerosols formulation, manufacture and quality control.					
UNIT - IV					
<p>a. Cosmetics: Formulation approaches, preparation & method of manufacturing labelling & Q.C. of anti-ageing products, sun screen lotion and fairness creams.</p> <p>b. Nutraceuticals:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Introduction, source, manufacture and analysis of glucosamine & cartinine. 2. Monographs: General and specific properties of glucosamine & cartinine. 3. A brief overview of role of nutraceuticals in cancer prevention & cardio vascular disorders. 					
UNIT - V					
Aseptic processing operation					
<p>a. Introduction, contamination control, microbial environmental monitoring, microbiological testing of water, microbiological air testing, characterization of aseptic process, media and incubation condition, theoretical evaluation of aseptic operations.</p> <p>b. Air handling systems: Study of AHUs, humidity & temperature control.</p>					
Textbooks:					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pharmaceutics - The Science of Dosage form design by ME Aulton. 2. The Theory and Practice of industrial Pharmacy by Leon Lachman, Herbert A. Lieberman. 3. Remington's Science and Practice of Pharmacy by A. Gennaro. 4. Ansel's Pharmaceutical Dosage form and Drug delivery system by Loyd V. Allen, Jr. 5. Nicholas G. Popovich, Howard C. Ansel. 6. Pharmaceutical Dosage forms - Parenterals (Vol I, II and III) by Avis, Lieberman and Lachman. 7. Scale up techniques – Pharmaceutical process by Michael Levin, Marcel Dekker 					
Reference Books:					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Bentley`s Text Book of Pharmaceutics by EA Rawlins. 2. Generic Drug Product Development by Leon Shargel. 3. Dispensing for Pharmaceutical Students by SJ Carter. 4. Modern Pharmaceutics by Gilbert S. Banker and Christopher T. Rhodes. 5. Nutraceuticals, 2nd edition by Brian lock wood. 6. Industrial Pharmacy - Selected Topics, CVS Subramanyam and J Thimmasetty, Vallabha Prakashan Delhi – 2013 					

Course Code	ADVANCED DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEMS	L	T	P	C
23S03202			4	0	0
Semester		II			
Course Objectives:					
The students shall apply the pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic principles in the design of CDDS. They also apply the design, evaluation and applications related to oral, parenteral, Transdermal, implants, bio adhesives and targeted drug delivery systems.					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
Students will select the drugs for CDDS design of the formulation fabrication of systems of above drug delivery systems with relevant applications.					
UNIT - I					
Fundamentals of controlled drug delivery systems, pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic basis of controlled drug delivery. Design, fabrication, evaluation and applications of the following controlled releasing systems a. Controlled release oral drug delivery systems b. Parenteral controlled release drug delivery systems					
UNIT - II					
Design, fabrication, evaluation and applications of the following a. Implantable Therapeutic systems b. Transdermal delivery systems c. Ocular and Intrauterine delivery systems d. Vaccine delivery: Delivery systems used to promote uptake, absorption enhancers, oral immunization, controlled release microparticles form vaccine development					
UNIT - III					
Biochemical and molecular biology approaches to controlled drug delivery of a. Bioadhesive drug delivery systems b. Nasal drug delivery systems c. Drug delivery to Colon					
UNIT - IV					
Biochemical and molecular biology approaches to control drug delivery of a. Liposomes b. Niosomes c. Microspheres d. Nanoparticles e. Resealed erythrocytes					
UNIT - V					
Drug targeting to particular organs a. Delivery to lungs b. Delivery to the brain and problems involved c. Drug targeting in neoplasms					
Textbooks:					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Novel Drug Delivery System by Yie W. Chien. 2. Controlled Drug Delivery by Joseph R. Robinson and Vincent H. L. Lee. 3. Controlled and Novel Drug Delivery Systems by N. K. Jain. 4. Targeted and Controlled Drug Delivery (Novel carrier systems) by S. P. Vyas and Khar. 5. Modern Pharmaceutics by Gilbert S. Banker and Christopher T. Rhodes. 6. Advances in Drug Delivery, Vol 1, 2, 3 by Y. Madhusudan Rao, A.V. Jithan 7. Oral Drug Delivery Technology, 2nd ed, by Aukunuru Jithan 					

Course Code	INDUSTRIAL PHARMACY	L	T	P	C
23S03203			4	0	0
Semester		II			
Course Objectives:					
<p>The students shall learn the theory of unit operations, machinery, materials of constructions, qualification of equipments and its utility. The students shall also understand about the objectives and principles of GMP, TQM and effluent analysis and specifications. They also understand the regulatory basis for the validation of analytical methods related to solids, sterile and liquid dosage forms</p>					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
<p>The students will explain the machinery involved in milling, mixing, filtration, drying and packing material constructions used in the production of pharmaceutical materials. They also learn salient features of GMP, TQM applicable in industry. They also understand the effluent treatments and prevent the pollution. They also should evaluate the validation of analytical methods and processes</p>					
UNIT - I					
Pharmaceutical unit operations: A detailed study involving machinery and theory of Pharmaceutical unit operations like milling, mixing, filtration, and drying.					
UNIT - II					
<p>a. Materials of construction of pharmaceutical equipment and packaging materials: Study of the principles, production techniques in the large scale production of tablets, capsules, suspensions, liquid pharmaceuticals, ophthalmic products and sterile products.</p> <p>b. Qualification of equipment (IQ, OQ, PQ)</p>					
UNIT - III					
Production management: Production organization, objectives and policies of good manufacturing practices, layout of buildings, services, equipments and their maintenance, material management, handling and transportation, inventory management and control, production and planning control, Sales forecasting, budget and cost control, industrial and personal relationship. Total Quality Management (TQM)					
UNIT - IV					
Effluent Testing and Treatment: Effluent analysis, specifications and preventive measures water of pollution, solid pollution, air pollution and sound pollution.					
UNIT - V					
Validation: Regulatory basis, validation of analytical methods, and process, in solid dosage forms, sterile products, and liquid dosage forms.					
Textbooks:					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Theory and Practice of industrial Pharmacy by Leon Lachman, Herbert A. Lieberman. 2. Good Manufacturing Practice for Pharmaceuticals by Sidney H. Willig. 3. Pharmaceutical Process validation by Robert A. Nash, Alfred H. Wachter. 4. Modern Pharmaceutics by Gilbert S. Banker and Christopher T. Rhodes. 5. Pharmaceutical production management, C.V.S. Subrahmanyam, Vallabh Prakash. 					
Reference Books:					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Unit operations of Chemical Engineering by Warren L. McCabe, Julian C. Smith, Peter Harriott. 2. Remington's Science and Practice of Pharmacy by A. Gennaro. 3. Bentley's Text book of Pharmaceutics by EA Rawlins. CGMP, H.P.P. Sharma 					

Course Code	NANO DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEMS	L	T	P	C
23S03204			4	0	0
		Semester		II	
Course Objectives:					
To develop expertise regarding suitability and evaluation of nanomaterials, able to apply the properties to the fabrication of nanopharmaceuticals, evaluate the intensity of dosage forms and availability for targeting and controlled delivery.					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
The students should be able to select the right kind of materials, able to develop nano formulations with appropriate technologies, evaluate the product related test and for identified diseases					
UNIT - I					
Introduction to Nanotechnology					
a. Definition of nanotechnology b. History of nanotechnology c. Unique properties and classification of nanomaterials d. Role of size and size distribution of nanoparticles properties. e. Marketed formulations based on nanotechnology and science behind them					
UNIT - II					
Synthesis of Nanomaterials					
Physical, chemical and biological Methods Methods for synthesis of					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gold nanoparticles • Magnetic nanoparticles • Polymeric nanoparticles • Self – assembly structures such as liposomes, Niosomes, transferosomes, micelles, aquasomes and nanoemulsions 					
UNIT - III					
Biomedical applications of Nanotechnology					
a. Nanotechnology products used for in vitro diagnostics b. Improvements to medical or molecular imaging using nanotechnology c. Targeted nanomaterials for diagnostic and therapeutic purpose					
UNIT - IV					
Design of nanomaterials for drug delivery, pulmonary and nasal drug delivery, nanomaterials for cancer therapy and cardiovascular diseases. Localized drug delivery systems.					
UNIT - V					
Characterization including the principles, size reduction, analysis of nanoparticles, size, PDI, size separation, stability, methods of analysis regarding integrity and release of drugs					
Reference Books:					
1. Nanomedicine and Nanoproducts: Applications, Disposition and Toxicology in the Humanbody, Eiki Igarashi, CRC press. 2015					
2. Nanotechnology and Drug Delivery Volume one and two: Nanoplatfoms in Drug Delivery,Jose L. Arias, CRC press					
3. Nano: The Essentials: Understanding Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, T. Pradeep, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2008.					
4. Nanocrystals: Synthesis, Properties and Applications, C. N. R. Rao, P. J. Thomas and G.U.Kulkarni, Springer (2007)					
5. Nanostructures and Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties and Application, Guozhong Gao, Imperial College Press (2004)					
6. Nano chemistry: A Classical Approach to Nanomaterials – Royal Society for Chemistry, Cambridge, UK (2005)					
7. Nanocomposite science and technology, pulickel M. Ajayan, Linda S. Schadler, paul V.Braun, Wiley - VCH Verlag, Weiheim (2003)					
8. Nanoscale materials in chemistry, Edited by Kenneth J. Klabunde, John Wiley & Sons,2009					
9. Nanoparticles as Drug carriers, Vladimir P Torchiling, Imperial College Press, USA, 2006					
10.Introduction to Nano Science andTechnologies, Ankaneyulu Yerramilli, BS Publications. 2016					

Course Code	MODERN PHARMACEUTICS – II LAB	L	T	P	C
23S03205		0	0	6	3
Semester		II			
List of Experiments:					
1. Preparation of mouth washes					
2. Preparation and evaluation of cold creams and vanishing creams					
3. Preparation and evaluation of calamine lotion					
4. Preparation and evaluation of foundation creams and cleansing creams					
5. Preparation of antiseptic cream (turmeric)					
6. Preparation and evaluation Film coated tablets					
7. Preparation and evaluation Floating tablets					
8. Preparation and evaluation Fast dissolving tablets					
9. Preparation and evaluation Chewable tablets					
10. Effect of surfactant in <i>in-vitro</i> drug release					
11. Preparation of oral rehydration solution (ORS)					
12. Preparation and evaluation of calcium carbonate tablets					

Course Code	ADVANCED DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEMS LAB	L	T	P	C
23S03206		0	0	6	3
Pre-requisite		Semester		II	
List of Experiments:					
1. Study on diffusion of drugs through various polymeric membranes (2 experiments)					
2. Formulation and evaluation of sustained release oral matrix tablet (2 experiments)					
3. Formulation and evaluation of sustained release oral reservoir system (2 experiments)					
4. Formulation and evaluation of microspheres / microen capsules (2 experiments)					
5. Study of in-vitro dissolution of various SR products in market (2 experiments)					
6. Formulation and evaluation of transdermal films (2 experiments)					
7. Formulation and evaluation mucoadhesive system (2 experiments)					
8. Preparation and evaluation enteric coated pellets / tablets (2 experiments)					

Course Code	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND	L	T	P	C

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS					
23DRM101		4	0	0	4
		Semester III			
Course Objectives:					
To understand the research problem, know the literature studies, plagiarism and ethics. To get the knowledge about technical writing. To analyze the nature of intellectual property rights and new developments and patent rights.					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand research problem formulation. • Analyze research related information • Follow research ethics • Understand that today's world is controlled by Computer, Information Technology, but tomorrow world will be ruled by ideas, concept, and creativity. • Understanding that when IPR would take such important place in growth of individuals & nation, it is needless to emphasis the need of information about Intellectual Property Right to be promoted among students in general & engineering in particular. • Understand that IPR protection provides an incentive to inventors for further research work and investment in R & D, which leads to creation of new and better products, and in turn brings about, economic growth and social benefits. 					
UNIT – I					
Meaning of research problem, Sources of research problem, Criteria Characteristics of a good research problem, Errors in selecting a research problem, Scope and objectives of research problem. Approaches of investigation of solutions for research problem, data collection, analysis, interpretation, Necessary instrumentations					
UNIT – II					
Effective literature studies approaches, analysis, Plagiarism, Research ethics					
UNIT – III					
Effective technical writing, how to write report, Paper Developing a Research Proposal, Format of research proposal, a presentation and assessment by a review committee					
UNIT – IV					
Nature of Intellectual Property: Patents, Designs, Trade and Copyright. Process of Patenting and Development: technological research, innovation, patenting, development. International Scenario: International cooperation on Intellectual Property. Procedure for grants of patents, Patenting under PCT.					
UNIT – V					
Patent Rights: Scope of Patent Rights. Licensing and transfer of technology. Patent information and databases. Geographical Indications. New Developments in IPR: Administration of Patent System. New developments in IPR; IPR of Biological Systems, Computer Software etc. Traditional knowledge Case Studies, IPR and IITs.					
Textbooks:					
Reference Books:					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ranjit Kumar, 2nd Edition, "Research Methodology: A Step by Step Guide for beginners" 2. Halbert, "Resisting Intellectual Property", Taylor & Francis Ltd ,2007. 3. Mayall, "Industrial Design", McGraw Hill, 1992. 4. Niebel, "Product Design", McGraw Hill, 1974. 5. Asimov, "Introduction to Design", Prentice Hall, 1962. 6. Robert P. Merges, Peter S. Menell, Mark A. Lemley, "Intellectual Property in New 7. Technological Age", 2016. 8. T. Ramappa, "Intellectual Property Rights Under WTO", S. Chand, 2008 					

AUDIT COURSE-I

Course Code	ENGLISH FOR RESEARCH PAPER WRITING	L	T	P	C
23DAC101a			2	0	0
Semester		I			
Course Objectives: This course will enable students:					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the essentials of writing skills and their level of readability • Learn about what to write in each section • Ensure qualitative presentation with linguistic accuracy 					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the significance of writing skills and the level of readability • Analyze and write title, abstract, different sections in research paper • Develop the skills needed while writing a research paper 					
UNIT - I		Lecture Hrs:10			
IOverview of a Research Paper- Planning and Preparation- Word Order- Useful Phrases - Breaking up Long Sentences-Structuring Paragraphs and Sentences-Being Concise and Removing Redundancy -Avoiding Ambiguity					
UNIT - II		Lecture Hrs:10			
Essential Components of a Research Paper- Abstracts- Building Hypothesis-Research Problem - Highlight Findings- Hedging and Criticizing, Paraphrasing and Plagiarism, Cautionization					
UNIT - III		Lecture Hrs:10			
Introducing Review of the Literature – Methodology - Analysis of the Data-Findings - Discussion- Conclusions- Recommendations.					
UNIT - IV		Lecture Hrs:9			
Key skills needed for writing a Title, Abstract, and Introduction					
UNIT - V		Lecture Hrs:9			
Appropriate language to formulate Methodology, incorporate Results, put forth Arguments and draw Conclusions					
Suggested Reading					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Goldbort R (2006) Writing for Science, Yale University Press (available on Google Books) Model Curriculum of Engineering & Technology PG Courses [Volume-I] 2. Day R (2006) How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, Cambridge University Press 3. Highman N (1998), Handbook of Writing for the Mathematical Sciences, SIAM. Highman'sbook 4. Adrian Wallwork , English for Writing Research Papers, Springer New York Dordrecht Heidelberg London, 2011 					

Course Code	DISASTER MANAGEMENT	L	T	P	C
23DAC101b			2	0	0
Semester		I			
Course Objectives: This course will enable students:					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Learn to demonstrate critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response. Critically evaluated is as terriskreduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from Multiple perspectives. Developan understandingofstandards ofhumanitarianresponseandpracticalrelevanceinspecific types of disasters and conflict situations Critically understand the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches, planning and programming in different countries, particularly their home country or the countries they work in 					
UNIT - I					
<p>Introduction: Disaster: Definition, Factors and Significance; Difference Between Hazard and Disaster; Natural and Manmade Disasters: Difference, Nature, Types and Magnitude.</p> <p>Disaster Prone Areas in India: Study of Seismic Zones; Areas Prone to Floods and Droughts, Landslides and Avalanches; Areas Prone to Cyclonic and Coastal Hazards with Special Reference to Tsunami; Post- Disaster Diseases and Epidemics</p>					
UNIT - II					
<p>Repercussions of Disasters and Hazards: Economic Damage, Loss of Human and Animal Life, Destruction of Ecosystem. Natural Disasters: Earthquakes, Volcanisms, Cyclones, Tsunamis, Floods, Droughts and Famines, Landslides and Avalanches, Man-made disaster: Nuclear Reactor Meltdown, Industrial Accidents, Oil Slicks and Spills, Outbreaks of Disease and Epidemics, War and Conflicts.</p>					
UNIT - III					
<p>Disaster Preparedness and Management: Preparedness: Monitoring of Phenomena Triggering A Disaster or Hazard; Evaluation of Risk: Application of Remote Sensing, Data from Meteorological and Other Agencies, Media Reports: Governmental and Community Preparedness.</p>					
UNIT - IV					
<p>Risk Assessment Disaster Risk: Concept and Elements, Disaster Risk Reduction, Global and National Disaster Risk Situation. Techniques of Risk Assessment, Global Co-Operation in Risk Assessment and Warning, People's Participation in Risk Assessment. Strategies for Survival.</p>					
UNIT - V					
<p>Disaster Mitigation: Meaning, Concept and Strategies of Disaster Mitigation, Emerging Trends in Mitigation. Structural Mitigation and Non-Structural Mitigation, Programs of Disaster Mitigation in India.</p>					
<p>Suggested Reading</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> R. Nishith, Singh AK, "Disaster Management in India: Perspectives, issues and strategies "New Royal book Company.. Sahni, Pardeep Et. Al. (Eds.), "Disaster Mitigation Experiences And Reflections", Prentice Hall Of India, New Delhi. Goel S.L., "Disaster Administration And Management Text And Case Studies", Deep & Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi 					

Course Code	SANSKRIT FOR TECHNICAL KNOWLEDGE	L	T	P	C
23DAC101c			2	0	0
Semester		I			
Course Objectives: This course will enable students:					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To get a working knowledge in illustrious Sanskrit, the scientific language in the world • Learning of Sanskrit to improve brain functioning • Learning of Sanskrit to develop the logic in mathematics, science & other subjects enhancing the memory power • The engineering scholars equipped with Sanskrit will be able to explore the huge • Knowledge from ancient literature 					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understanding basic Sanskrit language • Ancient Sanskrit literature about science & technology can be understood • Being a logical language will help to develop logic in students 					
UNIT - I					
Alphabets in Sanskrit,					
UNIT - II					
Past/Present/Future Tense, Simple Sentences					
UNIT - III					
Order, Introduction of roots					
UNIT - IV					
Technical information about Sanskrit Literature					
UNIT - V					
Technical concepts of Engineering-Electrical, Mechanical, Architecture, Mathematics					
Suggested Reading					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. "Abhyasustakam" –Dr. Vishwas, Sanskrit-Bharti Publication, New Delhi 2. "Teach Yourself Sanskrit" Prathama Deeksha- Vempati Kutumbshastri, Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthanam, New Delhi Publication 3. "India's Glorious Scientific Tradition" Suresh Soni, Ocean books (P) Ltd., New Delhi 					

Course Code	ENTREPRENEURSHIP MANAGEMENT		L	T	P	C
23DAC101d			2	0	0	0
		Semester	I			
Course Objectives:						
This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students on entrepreneurship management.						
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to						
On completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Role of enterprise in national and global economy • Dynamics of motivation and concepts of entrepreneurship • Demands and challenges of Growth Strategies and Networking 						
UNIT - I						
Conceptual Frame Work: Concept need and process in entrepreneurship development. Role of enterprise in national and global economy. Types of enterprise – Merits and Demerits. Government policies and schemes for enterprise development. Institutional support in enterprise development and management.						
UNIT - II						
Entrepreneur: Entrepreneurial motivation – dynamics of motivation. Entrepreneurial competency – Concepts. Developing Entrepreneurial competencies - requirements and understanding the process of entrepreneurship development, self-awareness, interpersonal skills, creativity, assertiveness, achievement, factors affecting entrepreneur role.						
UNIT - III						
Launching and Organizing an Enterprise: Environment scanning – Information, sources, schemes of assistance, problems. Enterprise selection, market assessment, enterprise feasibility study, SWOT Analysis. Resource mobilization -finance, technology, raw material, site and manpower. Costing and marketing management and quality control. Feedback, monitoring and evaluation.						
UNIT - IV						
Growth Strategies and Networking: Performance appraisal and assessment. Profitability and control measures, demands and challenges. Need for diversification. Future Growth – Techniques of expansion and diversification, vision strategies. Concept and dynamics. Methods, Joint venture, coordination and feasibility study.						
UNIT - V						
Preparing Project Proposal to Start on New Enterprise Project work – Feasibility report; Planning, resource mobilization and implementation.						
Reference Books:						
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Akhauri, M. M. P.(1990): Entrepreneurship for Women in India, NIESBUD, New Delhi. 2. Hisrich, R. D & Brush, C.G. (1996) The Women Entrepreneurs, D.C. Health& Co., Toronto. 3. Hisrich, R.D. and Peters, M.P. (1995): Entrepreneurship – Starting Developing and Managing a New Enterprise, Richard D., Inwin, INC, USA. 4. Meredith, G.G. etal (1982): Practice of Entrepreneurship, ILO, Geneva. 5. Patel, V.C. (1987): Women Entrepreneurship – Developing New Entrepreneurs, Ahmedabad EDII 6. Arya kumar.(2012): Entrepreneurship- Creating and Leading an Entrepreneurial Organization, Pearson 						

AUDIT COURSE-II

Course Code	PEDAGOGY STUDIES	L	T	P	C
23DAC201a			2	0	0
Semester		II			
Course Objectives: This course will enable students:					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Review existing evidence on the review topic to inform programme design and policy making undertaken by the DFID, other agencies and researchers. Identify critical evidence gaps to guide the development. 					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
Students will be able to understand: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What pedagogical practices are being used by teachers in formal and informal classrooms in developing countries? What is the evidence on the effectiveness of these pedagogical practices, in what conditions, and with what population of learners? How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) and the school curriculum and guidance materials best support effective pedagogy? 					
UNIT - I					
Introduction and Methodology: Aims and rationale, Policy back ground, Conceptual frame work and terminology Theories of learning, Curriculum, Teacher education. Conceptual framework, Research questions. Overview of methodology and Searching.					
UNIT - II					
Thematic overview: Pedagogical practices are being used by teachers in formal and informal classrooms in developing countries. Curriculum, Teacher education.					
UNIT - III					
Evidence on the effectiveness of pedagogical practices, Methodology for the in depth stage: quality assessment of included studies. How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) and the school curriculum and guidance materials best support effective pedagogy? Theory of change. Strength and nature of the body of evidence for effective pedagogical practices. Pedagogic theory and pedagogical approaches. Teachers' attitudes and beliefs and Pedagogic strategies.					
UNIT - IV					
Professional development: alignment with classroom practices and follow-up support, Peer support, Support from the head teacher and the community. Curriculum and assessment, Barrier to learning: limited resources and large class sizes					
UNIT - V					
Research gaps and future directions: Research design, Contexts, Pedagogy, Teacher education, Curriculum and assessment, Dissemination and research impact.					
Suggested Reading					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Ackers J, Hardman F (2001) Classroom interaction in Kenyan primary schools, Compare, 31 (2): 245-261. Agrawal M (2004) Curricular reform in schools: The importance of evaluation, Journal of Curriculum Studies, 36 (3): 361-379. Akyeampong K (2003) Teacher training in Ghana - does it count? Multi-site teacher education research project (MUSTER) country report 1. London: DFID. Akyeampong K, Lussier K, Pryor J, Westbrook J (2013) Improving teaching and learning of basic maths and reading in Africa: Does teacher preparation count? International Journal Educational Development, 33 (3): 272-282. Alexander RJ (2001) Culture and pedagogy: International comparisons in primary education. Oxford and Boston: Blackwell. Chavan M (2003) Read India: A mass scale, rapid, 'learning to read' campaign. www.pratham.org/images/resource%20working%20paper%202.pdf. 					

Course Code	STRESSMANAGEMENT BY YOGA	L	T	P	C
23DAC201b			2	0	0
Semester		II			
Course Objectives: This course will enable students:					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To achieve overall health of body and mind • To overcome stress 					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Develop healthy mind in a healthy body thus improving social health also • Improve efficiency 					
UNIT - I					
Definitions of Eight parts of yog.(Ashtanga)					
UNIT - II					
Yam and Niyam.					
UNIT - III					
Do's and Don't's in life.					
i) Ahimsa, satya, asthaya, bramhacharya and aparigraha Shaucha, santosh, tapa, swadhyay, ishwarpranidhan					
UNIT - IV					
Asan and Pranayam					
UNIT - V					
i) Various yoga poses and their benefits for mind & body ii) Regularization of breathing techniques and its effects-Types of pranayam					
Suggested Reading					
1. 'Yogic Asanas for Group Training-Part-I': Janardan Swami Yogabhyasi Mandal, Nagpur 2. 'Rajayoga or conquering the Internal Nature' by Swami Vivekananda, Advaita Ashrama (Publication Department), Kolkata					

Course Code	PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT THROUGH LIFE ENLIGHTENMENT SKILLS	L	T	P	C
23DAC201c			2	0	0
Semester		II			
Course Objectives: This course will enable students:					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To learn to achieve the highest goal happily • To become a person with stable mind, pleasing personality and determination • To awaken wisdom in students 					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Study of Shrimad-Bhagwad-Geeta will help the student in developing his personality and achieve the highest goal in life • The person who has studied Geeta will lead the nation and mankind to peace and prosperity • Study of Neetishatakam will help in developing versatile personality of students 					
UNIT - I					
Neetisatakam- Holistic development of personality Verses- 19,20,21,22(wisdom) Verses-29,31,32(pride & heroism) Verses-26,28,63,65(virtue)					
UNIT - II					
Neetisatakam- Holistic development of personality Verses- 52,53,59(dont's) Verses-71,73,75,78(do's)					
UNIT - III					
Approach to day to day work and duties. Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta: Chapter 2- Verses 41,47,48, Chapter 3- Verses 13,21,27,35, Chapter 6- Verses 5,13,17,23,35, Chapter 18- Verses 45,46,48.					
UNIT - IV					
Statements of basic knowledge. Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta: Chapter 2- Verses 56,62,68 Chapter 12 - Verses 13,14,15,16,17,18 Personality of Role model. Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta:					
UNIT - V					
Chapter 2- Verses 17, Chapter 3- Verses 36,37,42, Chapter 4- Verses 18,38,39 Chapter 18- Verses 37,38,63					
Suggested Reading					
1. "Srimad Bhagavad Gita" by Swami Swarupananda Advaita Ashram (Publication Department), Kolkata 2. Bhartrihari's Three Satakam (Niti-sringar-vairagya) by P. Gopinath, Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthanam, New Delhi.					

OPEN ELECTIVE

Course Code	STABILITY OF DRUGS AND DOSAGE FORMS	L	T	P	C
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23SOE301a	(Elective)	3	0	0	3
Pre-requisite	Semester	III			
Course Objectives:					
These topics are designed impart a specialized knowledge to preserve the properties of drugs and dosage forms during manufacture storage and shelf life. The understanding of properties and evaluation of stability during storage, by solution and solid state against several factors of degradation.					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluation of stability of solutions, solids and formulations against adverse conditions. • Suggest the measures to retain stability and storage conditions for retaining the efficacy of the products. 					
UNIT – I					
Drug decomposition mechanisms					
1. Hydrolysis and acyl transfers: Nature of reaction, structure and utility, stabilization of Pharmaceutical examples.					
2. Oxidation: Nature of oxidation, kinetics of oxidation, oxidation pathways of pharmaceutical, Interest Inhibition of oxidation					
3. Photolysis: Energetics of photolysis, kinetics photolysis, photolytic reactions of pharmaceutical interest, prevention of photolytic reactions.					
UNIT – II					
Solid state chemical decomposition					
Kinetic of solids state decomposition, Pharmaceutical examples of solid-state decomposition, Pure drugs, drug excipient and drug-drug interaction in solid state, methods of stabilization.					
Physical stability testing of dosage forms:					
1. Solids – tablets, capsules, powder and granules					
2. Disperse systems					
3. Microbial decomposition					
4. Over-view, physical stability of novel drug carriers, liposomes, niosomes, nano-particles.					
UNIT – III					
Identification and quantitative determination of preservatives, Antioxidants, colouring materials, emulsifiers and stabilizers in Pharmaceutical formulation.					
Analysis of drugs from biological samples including, selection of biological sample, extraction of drugs by various methods as LLE, SPE and Membrane filtration. Factors affecting extraction of drugs.					
UNIT – IV					
General method of analysis to determine the quality of raw materials used in cosmetic industry.					
Indian Standard Specifications (ISI) laid down for sampling and testing of various cosmetics in finished form by the Bureau of Indian Standards					
UNIT – V					
Methods of analysis to determine the quality of cosmetics in the finished forms such as Hair care products, Skin care products, Baby care products, Dental products, Personal hygiene products, Colour cosmetics, Ethnic products, Colour makeup preparation, Lipsticks, Hair setting lotions and Eye shadows. Toxicity testing in cosmetics and Safety and Legislation of Cosmetic products.					
a) Stability studies: Concept of stability studies. cGMP & ICH guidelines for Accelerated stability Testing.					
b) Interaction of containers & closure Compatibility Testing.					
Reference Books:					
1. Comprehensive Pharmacy Review 5th Edition by Leon Shargel, Alan H. Mutnick, Paul F. Souney, Larry N. Sawnsen – 2004.					
2. A.H. Beckett and J. B. Stenlake Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Part I and Part II, 4th Edition.					
3. G. H. Jeffery, J. Basset, J. Mendham, R. C. Denny (Rev. by) Vogels Text Book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis, 5th Edition 1989, ELBS.					
4. The Controller of Publications; New Delhi, Govt. of India, Indian Pharmacopoeia, Vol. I and Vol. II - 2010.					
5. J. B. Wilkinson and R. J. Moore, Herry's Cosmeticology; Longman Scientific and Technical Publishers, Singapore.					
6. P.D. Sethi; Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical Formulations, 3rd Edition - 1997,					
7. Classification of cosmetics raw materials and adjuncts IS 3958 of Indian Standards Institution (BIS).					
8. Cosmetic and toilet goods – methods of sampling IS 3958 of Indian Standards Institution (BIS).					
9. Methods of sampling and test for various cosmetics as laid down by Bureau of Indian Standards.					
10. Drug stability: Principles and practices by Jens T. Carstensen					
11. Stability Testing of Drug Products by W. Grimm. 12. Stability of Drugs and Dosage Forms by Yoshioka and Stella.					

Course Code	BIOSTATISTICS (Elective)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
		Semester III			
Course Objectives:					
The student shall know the introduction, scope of biostatistics and Research work, calculation and present of the data					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
The student will be known the Biostatistics arrangement, presentation and formation of tables and charts. They also know the correlation and regression & application of different methods, analysis of data					
UNIT - I					
An introduction to statistics and biostatistics-collection and organization of data, graphical, pictorial presentation of data, measures of central tendency and dispersion, sampling techniques, sample size, Coefficient of variation, mean error, relative error, precision and accuracy					
UNIT - II					
Tests of significance: Testing hypotheses – Principles and applications of Z, t, F-ratio and chi-square tests in pharmaceutical and medical research. Non-parametric tests: sign test, Wilcoxon signed rank test, Wilcoxon rank sum test, Kruskal Wallis test, run test and median tests.					
UNIT - III					
Design of Experiments: Principles of randomization, replication and local control; CRD, RBD, LSD – their applications and analysis of data;					
UNIT - IV					
Factorial Experiments – Principles and applications; Probit analysis: Dose – effect relationships, calculation of LD50, ED50					
UNIT - V					
Statistical quality control: Meaning and uses, Construction of X, R, P, np and charts.					
Textbooks:					
1. Statistics for business and economics 3rd edition by Vikas books publications 2. Biostatistics & Computer applications by GN Rao and NK Tiwari 3. Sokal, R.R. and Rohlf, F.J. 1987. An Introduction to Biostatistics. W.H. Freeman and Company. 4. Bailey, N.T.J. 1981. Statistical Methods in Biology. English University Press. 5. Mitchell, K. and Glover, T. 2001. Introduction to Biostatistics. McGraw Hill, Publishing Co.					
Reference Books:					
1. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences 2. Theory & Practice of Industrial Pharmacy by Lachman 3. Statistics for business and economics 3rd edition by Vikas books publications 4. Biostatistics & Computer applications by GN Rao and NK Tiwari 5. Sokal, R.R. and Rohlf, F.J. 1987. An Introduction to Biostatistics. W.H. Freeman and Company. 6. Bailey, N.T.J. 1981. Statistical Methods in Biology. English University Press. 7. Mitchell, K. and Glover, T. 2001. Introduction to Biostatistics. McGraw Hill, Publishing Co.					

Course Code	PHARMACOEPIDEMOLOGY &	L	T	P	C
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23SOE301c	PHARMACOECONOMICS (Elective)	3	0	0	3
Pre-requisite	Semester	III			
Course Objectives:					
This course enables students to understand various pharmacoepidemiological methods and their clinical applications. Also, it aims to impart knowledge on basic concepts, assumptions, terminology, and methods associated with Pharmacoeconomics and health related outcomes, and when should be appropriate Pharmacoeconomic model should be applied for a health care regimen.					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understand the various epidemiological methods and their applications Understand the fundamental principles of Pharmacoeconomics. Identify and determine relevant cost and consequences associated with pharmacy products and services. Perform the key Pharmacoeconomics analysis methods Understand the Pharmacoeconomic decision analysis methods and its applications. Describe current Pharmacoeconomic methods and issues. Understand the applications of Pharmacoeconomics to various pharmacy settings. 					
UNIT – I					
Introduction to Pharmacoepidemiology					
Definition, Scope, Need, Aims & Applications; Outcome measurement: Outcome measures, Drug use measures: Monetary units, Number of prescriptions, units of drug dispensed, defined daily doses, prescribed daily doses, Diagnosis and Therapy surveys, Prevalence, Incidence rate, Monetary units, number of prescriptions, unit of drugs dispensed, defined daily doses and prescribed daily doses, medications adherence measurements.					
Concept of risk: Measurement of risk, Attributable risk and relative risk, Time- risk relationship and odds ratio					
UNIT – II					
Pharmacoepidemiological Methods					
Qualitative models: Drug Utilization Review; Quantitative models: case reports, case series, Cross sectional studies, Cohort and case control studies, Calculation of Odds' ratio, Meta-analysis models, Drug effects study in populations: Spontaneous reporting, Prescription event monitoring, Post marketing surveillance, Record linkage systems, Applications of Pharmacoepidemiology					
UNIT – III					
Introduction to Pharmacoeconomics					
Definition, history of Pharmacoeconomics, Need of Pharmacoeconomic studies in Indian healthcare system. Cost categorization and resources for cost estimation: Direct costs. Indirect costs. Intangible costs. Outcomes and Measurements of Pharmacoeconomics: Types of outcomes: Clinical outcome, Economic outcomes, Humanistic outcomes; Quality Adjusted Life Years, Disability Adjusted Life Years Incremental Cost-Effective Ratio, Average Cost-Effective Ratio. Person Time, Willingness to Pay, Time Trade Off and Discounting.					
UNIT – IV					
Pharmacoeconomic evaluations					
Definition, Steps involved, Applications, Advantages and disadvantages of the following Pharmacoeconomic models: Cost Minimization Analysis (CMA), Cost Benefit Analysis (CBA), Cost Effective Analysis (CEA), Cost Utility Analysis (CUA), Cost of Illness (COI), Cost Consequences Analysis (COA).					
UNIT – V					
Health related quality of life (HRQOL)					
Definition, Need for measurement of HRQOL, Common HRQOL measures. Definition, Steps involved, Applications of the following: Decision Analysis and Decision tree, Sensitivity analysis, Markov Modeling, Software used in Pharmacoeconomic analysis, Applications of Pharmacoeconomics					
Reference Books:					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Rascati K L. Essentials of Pharmacoeconomics, Woulters Kluwe rLippincott Williams & Wilkins, Philadelphia. Thomas E Getzen. Health economics. Fundamentals and Flow of Funds. John Wiley & Sons, USA. Andrew Briggs, Karl Claxton, Mark Sculpher. Decision Modeling for Health Economic Evaluation, Oxford University Press, London. K G Revikumar, Pharmacoepidemiology and Pharmacoeconomics Concepts and Practices. Michael Drummond, Mark Sculpher, George Torrence, Bernie O'Brien and Greg Stoddart. Methods for the Economic Evaluation of Health Care Programs Oxford University Press, London. George E Mackinnon III. Understanding health outcomes and Pharmacoeconomics. Graker, Dennis. Pharmacoeconomics and outcomes. Walley, Pharmacoeconomics. Pharmacoeconomic – ed. by Nowakowska – University of Medical Sciences, Poznan. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature Guru Prasad Mohanta and P K Manna, Textbook of Pharmacovigilance Concepts and Practice 					
Course Code	BIOLOGICAL SCREENING METHODS	L	T	P	C

23SOE301d	(Elective)	3	0	0	3
		Semester	III		
Course Objectives:					
The students are going to study about various techniques for screening of drugs for various pharmacological activities and guide lines for handling animals and human and animal ethics for screening of drugs.					
Course Outcomes (CO): Student will be able to know					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How to handle animals • About various techniques for screening of drugs for different pharmacological activities • Guidelines and regulations for screening new drug molecules on animals. 					
UNIT – I					
Drug discovery process: Principles, techniques and strategies used in new drug discovery. High throughput screening, human genomics, robotics and economics of drug discovery, Regulations. Alternatives to animal screening procedures, cell-line, patch –clamp technique, In-vitro models, molecular biology techniques.					
UNIT – II					
Bioassays: Basic principles of bioassays, official bioassays, experimental models and statistical designs employed in biological standardization.					
UNIT – III					
Toxicity Evaluations Principles of toxicity evaluations, ED50, LD50 and TD values, International guidelines (ICH recommendations). Preclinical studies: General principles and procedures involved in acute, sub-acute, chronic, teratogenicity, mutagenicity and carcinogenicity.					
UNIT – IV					
Screening of drugs Screening of different classes of drugs using micro-organisms. Vitamin and antibiotic assays. Screening methods involved in toxins and pathogens.					
UNIT – V					
Enzymatic screening methods α -glucosidase, α - amylase, DNA polymerase, nucleases, Lasparginase, lipases and peptidases.					
Reference Books:					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Basic and clinical pharmacology by Bertram G. Katzung (International edition) lange medical book / Mc Graw Hill, USA 2001 8th edition 2. Pharmacology by Rang H.P, Dale MM and Ritter JM., Churchill Livingston, London, 4/e 3. Goodman and Gilman's The pharmacological basis of therapeutics (International edition) Mc Graw Hill, USA 2001 10th edition. 4. General and applid toxicology by B.Ballantyne, T.Marrs, P.Turner (Eds) TheMc Millan press Ltd, London. 5. Drug Discovery by Vogel's 6. Drug Discovery and evaluation – Pharmacological assays by H.Gerhard.Vogel, 2ndedition, Springer verlag, Berlin, Heidelberg. 7. Tutorial Pharmacy (Vol I and II) by Cooper and Gunns. 					