B.Pharm I Year I Semester (R19) Supplementary Examinations February 2023 PHARMACEUTICAL INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

(For 2019, 2020 & 2021 admitted batches only)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 75

PART - A

(Compulsory Question)

1	(a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (h) (i)	Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks) Write the types of impurities in pharmaceutical substances. What is Pharmacopoeia? Mention different types of Pharmacopoeia. Define Acids and bases. Give examples. What is buffer capacity? Give examples. Write the medicinal uses of bentonite. Write the properties and uses of copper sulphate. Write the properties and uses of sodium nitrite. Write the properties and uses of Potassium tartrate. What are radioisotopes? Give example. Write the precautions to be taken for radioactive substances.	2M 2M 2M 2M 2M 2M 2M 2M 2M 2M
		PART – B	
		(Answer any two questions: 02 X 10 = 20 Marks)	
2		Explain the principle, procedure in the limit test for Sulphates and lead.	10M
3		Explain in detail methods of adjusting Isotonicity.	10M
4		Write the preparation, assay and medicinal uses for H ₂ O ₂ and Chlorinated lime.	10M
		PART – C	
		(Answer any seven questions: 07 X 05 = 35 Marks)	
5		Explain in detail electrolytes used in the replacement therapy.	5M
6		Explain in detail buffered solvents.	5M
7		Explain the principle and procedure in the limit test for heavy metals.	5M
8		Define and classify cathartics with suitable examples.	5M
9		Define and classify haematinics with suitable examples.	5M
10	i.	Write the study of radioisotopes.	5M
11		Write a note on pharmaceutical applications of radioactive substances.	5M
12	ļ.	Write a note on storage conditions of lodine and its preparation.	5M
13	1	Write a note on acidifiers with examples.	5M

B.Pharm I Year I Semester (R19) Regular Examinations July 2022 PHARMACEUTICAL INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

(For 2021 admitted batches only)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

PART - A

(Compulsory Question)

1 (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (h) (i) (j)	Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks) Write the types of impurities in pharmaceutical substances. Write the principal involved in the limits test for chlorides. What are buffers? Give examples. Define isotonic solution with examples. Write any two chemical properties and medicine for Dil.HCL. Write the ideal properties of antacids. Give any two reactions for sodium nitrite 333. Define astringent with examples. Explain the various precautions taken for radiopharmaceuticals. What are radiopharmaceuticals? Give examples.	2M 2M 2M 2M 2M 2M 2M 2M 2M 2M 2M
	PART – B	. F
0	(Answer any two questions: 02 X 10 = 20 Marks)	1001
2	Explain the electrolytes used in the replacement therapy.	10M
3	Define haematinics. Write the preparation, assay, properties and medicinal uses for copper sulphate.	10M
4	Write a note on Oral Rehydration Salts (ORS). Add note on physiological acid base balance.	10M
	PART – C	
	(Answer any seven questions: 07 X 05 = 35 Marks)	
5	Explain the principle and procedure involved in the limits for iron.	5M
6	Explain in detail the role of fluoride in the treatment of dental caries.	5M
7	Write a note on cathartics with suitable examples.	5M
8	Write any two reactions and medicinal uses for potassium permanganate.	5M
9	Write in detail the properties of α , β , δ radiations.	5M
10	Write a note on radio isotopes with suitable examples.	5M
11	Write the reaction and medical uses for sodium potassium tartrate.	5M
12	Explain in detail the history of pharmacopoeia.	5M
13	Explain the modified limit test for sulphate.	5M

B.Pharm I Year I Semester (R19) Supplementary Examinations September 2022 PHARMACEUTICAL INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

(For 2019, 2020 & 2021 admitted batches only)

Time: 3 hours

1

Max. Marks: 75

PART - A

(Compulsory Question)

Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)

	(a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (h) (i) (j)	Write the principle involved in the limit test for sulphates. What is modified limit test? Give examples. Define acids and bases. Give examples. Define dentifrices with example. Define and classify antimicrobials with examples. Write any two properties and medical uses of alum hydroxide gel. Give any two reactions for potash alum. Write the medical uses and reaction for ferrous gluconate. Define half-life with suitable examples. Define radioactive. Give example.	2M 2M 2M 2M 2M 2M 2M 2M 2M 2M 2M
		PART – B	
2		(Answer any two questions: 02 X 10 = 20 Marks) Explain in detail the measurement of tonicity and methods of adjusting isotonicity.	10M
2		Explain in detail the measurement of torricity and methods of adjusting isotorricity.	TOIVI
3		Write the preparation, assay & medical use for ammonium chloride and add a note on combination of antacids.	10M
4		Write in detail poison and antidotes with suitable examples.	10M
		PART – C	
5		(Answer any seven questions: 07 X 05 = 35 Marks) Explain the principle and process involved in the limit test for lead.	5M
6		Write the preparation and assay for calcium gluconate.	5M
7		Explain any two properties, assay and medical uses for sodium bicarbonate.	5M
8		Write the preparation and assay for hydrogen peroxide.	5M
9		Explain in detail measurement of radioactivity.	5M
10)	Explain the storage condition and pharmaceutical application of radioactive substances.	5M
11	i	Write a note on expectorant with suitable examples.	5M
12	2	Explain the sources and various types of impurities in pharmaceutical substances.	5M
13	3	Write a note on desensitizing agents with examples.	5M

B.Pharm I Year I Semester (R19) Supplementary Examinations February 2022 PHARMACEUTICAL INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

(For 2020 admitted batches only)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

PART - A

(Compulsory Question)

1	(a)	Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks) Write a short note on pharmacopoeia.
	(b)	List out the different sources of impurities in pharmaceuticals. Define molarity and normality with example.
	(d)	What is buffer? Write its significances.
	(e) (f)	Define acidifiers and antacids with examples.
	(g)	Give the mechanism of action of potassium permanganate and boric acid.
	(h)	Mention the uses of potassium iodide and sodium potassium tartrate. What is antidote? Give two examples with structure.
	(i)	Define half life.
	(j)	What is radio activity?
		PART – B
•		(Answer any two questions: 02 X 10 = 20 Marks)
2	(a)	Give the significances of fluoride in the treatment of dental caries.
	(b)	Write a note on Zinc eugenol cement.
3		Write about the preparation, properties, assay and uses of chlorinated lime.
4	(a) (b)	Explain the storage condition to be followed when handling radioactive substance? Give short notes on I^{131} .
		PART – C
1		(Answer any seven questions: 07 X 05 = 35 Marks)
5	* * *	Briefly discuss about history of Indian pharmacopeia.
6		Write about the principle and reaction involved in the limit test of chlorides.
7		Describe about the calcium carbonate.
8		Write the preparation, properties, assay and uses on hydrogen peroxide.
9		Explain the ideal properties and combination of antacids.
10		Explain different iodine preparations.
2 2		
11		Define astringents and write a note on Zinc sulphate.
12		Define antidotes and write a note on sodium nitrite.
13		Write short notes on measurement of radioactivity.

B.Pharm I Year I Semester (R19) Supplementary Examinations April/May 2022 PHARMACEUTICAL INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

(For 2019 & 2020 admitted batches only)

Time: 3 hours

(a)

13

Define limit test.

Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)

Max. Marks: 75

PART - A

(Compulsory Question)

	(b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (h) (i)	Write modified limit test for chloride. Define ORS. What are dentifrices? Give two examples. Write assay of sodium thiosulphate. List out the iodine preparations and their composition. What are expectorants and emetics? Give suitable examples. Define and give examples for Haematinic. List out the pharmaceutical applications of any two radioactive substances. Write the precautions of radioisotopes.
		PART – B
		(Answer any two questions: 02 X 10 = 20 Marks)
2		Write the principle and reaction involved in the limit test for Iron and sulphate.
3	(a) (b)	Classify antacid. Write a note on acid neutralizing capacity of Aluminium Hydroxide gel. Give the preparation, assay and properties of Aluminium Hydroxide gel.
4	(a) (b)	List out and explain the role of electrolytes in acid base balance. Give the preparation, assay and uses of ferrous sulphate.
5		PART – C (Answer any seven questions: 07 X 05 = 35 Marks) Write the sources of impurities in pharmaceutical substances.
6		Explain the principle and reaction involved in the limit test for lead.
7		Write about the preparation, assay and uses of calcium gluconate.
8		Write about the preparation, assay and uses of copper sulphate.
9		Explain about sodium bicarbonate.
10		Discuss about the properties and uses of the followings: (i) Magnesium sulphate. (ii) Sodium ortho phosphate.
11		Write a short note on Alum.
12		What are expectorants? Give the preparation, properties, assay and uses of ammonium chloride

Give a brief note on alpha, beta and gamma radiation.

Code: 15R00104

B.Pharm I Year I Semester (R15) Supplementary Examinations February 2023 PHARMACEUTICAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY – I

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

PART - A

(Compulsory Question)

1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)

- (a) Write bond dissociation energies.
- (b) Define surface tension.
- (c) Classify isomerism with example.
- (d) What is conformational isomerism?
- (e) Define Markovnikov and anti-Markovnikov rule.
- (f) Write any two method of preparation of alkenes.
- (g) Define Walden inversion and Saytzeff's rule.
- (h) Write the preparation of each one alkyne and alkyl halide.
- (i) What is umpolung reaction? Quote an example.
- (j) Give an example for nucleophilic addition-elimination reaction.

PART - B

(Answer all the questions: 05 X 10 = 50 Marks)

Write a brief note on organic reagents and reactions.

OF

- 3 Explain SP3 and SP2 hybridization with suitable examples.
- 4 (a) Explain about Baeyer's strain theory with their limitations.
 - (b) Write the IUPAC nomenclature of alkanes.

OR

- 5 (a) Explain the relative stabilities of alkenes.
 - (b) Describe about the halogenation of alkanes with Free radical mechanisms.
- 6 Briefly describe electrophilic addition reactions of alkene.

OR

- 7 (a) What products would you obtain when HBr is added to 1, 3-butadiene? Justify your answer with diagram.
 - (b) Define with an example the Bayer's oxidation and Markovnikov's addition reaction.
- 8 (a) Give an account on the mechanism, kinetics, reactivity and stereochemistry of SN₂ reaction.
 - (b) Write the IUPAC nomenclature of alkyl halide.

OF

- 9 Explain the mechanism and stereochemistry of SN1 and SN2 reactions.
- 10 (a) Discuss the nomenclature of aldehydes and ketones.
 - (b) Explain with mechanism the Reformatsky reaction.

OR

- 11 (a) Write the reaction and mechanism of Aldol condensation and Benzoin condensation.
 - (b) Explain about the polarity of carbonyl compounds.

Code: 15R00104

B.Pharm I Year I Semester (R15) Supplementary Examinations September 2022 PHARMACEUTICAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY – I

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

PART - A

(Compulsory Question)

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1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)

- (a) Write bond dissociation energies.
- (b) Define surface tension.
- (c) Write relative stabilities of cyclohexane.
- (d) Define Bayer strain theory.
- (e) What is Kharasch effect?
- (f) Write any two examples of conjugated dienes.
- (g) Write the reaction for formation of metal acetylides.
- (h) Define Keto-enol tautomerism.
- (i) Give one example for nucleophilic addition of carbonyl compounds.
- (j) Define Reformatsky reaction.

PART - B

(Answer all the questions: 05 X 10 = 50 Marks)

2 Explain SP3 and SP2 hybridization with suitable examples.

OR

- 3 Give a detailed note on impact of structures on boiling point, melting point and solubility with suitable examples.
- Write in brief about the free radical substitution reactions of alkanes & its selectivity.

OF

- 5 Explain various conformations of cyclohexane and their ring stabilities.
- 6 Explain the mechanism with suitable example of 1, 4-addition than 1, 2-addition of conjugated alkadienes.

OR

- 7 Briefly describe electrophilic addition reactions of alkene.
- 8 Explain in detail about the elimination reactions of alkyl halides.

OR

- 9 Write short notes on the following:
 - (a) Walden inversion.
 - (b) Saytzeff rule.
- 10 (a) Write the methods of preparation of carbonyl compounds.
 - (b) Discuss about Aldol condensation.

OR

- 11 (a) Explain the mechanism of Perkins reaction.
 - (b) Write a brief note on Oppenauer oxidation.

Code: 15R00106

B.Pharm I Year I Semester (R15) Supplementary Examinations September 2022 PHARMACEUTICAL INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

PART - A

(Compulsory Question)

1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)

- (a) Define limit test.
- (b) Write the composition and significance of ethanolic sulphate solution.
- (c) Define normality and molality.
- (d) What is primary standard substance? Give examples.
- (e) Write the composition and uses of ORS.
- (f) Write the chemical formulae and uses of dibasic calcium phosphate.
- (g) What are pharmaceutical aids? Give examples.
- (h) Write the composition and uses of bentonite.
- (i) Write the chemical formulae and uses of magnesium trisilicate.
- (j) What are emetics? Give examples.

PART - B

(Answer all the questions: 05 X 10 = 50 Marks)

- 2 (a) Write the principle & procedure for chloride limit test IP 2018.
 - (b) Write the principle & procedure for iron limit test IP 2018.

OF

- 3 (a) Explain the principle and reactions of arsenic limit test.
 - (b) With neat labeled diagram describe the Gutzeit's apparatus.
- 4 (a) What is primary standard substance? Give examples and enlist their ideal properties.
 - (b) With example write the classification of titrations based on chemical reactions.

OR

- 5 How will you prepare and standardize the 500 ml of approximately 0.1N potassium permanganate and 0.05M EDTA?
- 6 (a) What are dental products? Classify them with examples.
 - (b) Write the method of preparation of ferric ammonium citrate and mention its uses.

OR

- Write the principle reactions and procedure for the assay of sodium chloride and ferrous sulphate.
- 8 (a) With chemical equations, explain the various methods of preparations of hydrogen peroxide.
 - (b) What are topical agents? Classify them with examples.

OR

- Write the principle and reactions involved in the assay of zinc oxide and hydrogen peroxide.
- 10 (a) What are gastrointestinal? Classify them with examples.
 - (b) Write method of preparation uses of sodium thiosulphate and mention its medicinal uses.

OR

- 11 (a) Write the principle and reactions involved in the assay of ammonium chloride.
 - (b) Write the chemical formulae and uses of:
 - (i) Lithium carbonate. (ii) Plaster of Paris. (iii) Sodium antimony gluconate.
 - (iv) Sodium tetradecyl sulphate. (v) cis-platin.